Report of the statutory auditor

with consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2016 of

Finacrotec SA, Develier





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To the General Meeting of Finacrotec SA, Develier

Lausanne, 27 April 2017

Report of the statutory auditor on the consolidated financial statements

As statutory auditor, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Finacrotec SA, Develier, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.



Board of Directors' responsibility

The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and the requirements of Swiss law. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining an internal control system relevant to the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. The Board of Directors is further responsible for selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.



Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Swiss law and Swiss Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers the internal control system relevant to the entity's preparation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control system. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016 give a true and fair view of the financial position, the results of operations and the cash flows in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER and comply with Swiss law.





Report on other legal requirements

We confirm that we meet the legal requirements on licensing according to the Auditor Oversight Act (AOA) and independence (article 728 CO and article 11 AOA) and that there are no circumstances incompatible with our independence.

In accordance with article 728a para. 1 item 3 CO and Swiss Auditing Standard 890, we confirm that an internal control system exists, which has been designed for the preparation of consolidated financial statements according to the instructions of the Board of Directors.

We recommend that the consolidated financial statements submitted to you be approved.

Ernst & Young Ltd

Pierre-Alain Coquoz Licensed audit expert (Auditor in charge) Michael Ackermann Licensed audit expert

Enclosure

 Consolidated financial statements (consolidated balance sheet, consolidated statement of income, consolidated statement of cash flows, consolidated statement of changes in equity and notes)

Consolidated Balance sheet

Assets (in CHF)	Notes	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Cash and cash equivalents		14 564 827	7 937 075
Receivables from goods and services	6	16 163 281	10 139 776
Other short-term receivables	7	2 787 825	1 043 612
Inventories	8	31 554 806	19 068 615
Prepayments and accrued income	9	1 349 338	1 105 010
Current assets		66 420 078	39 294 088
Financial assets	10	2 754 296	900 000
Property, plant and equipment	11	71 007 350	44 945 604
Intangible assets	12	68 736 947	30 340 480
Deferred tax assets	18	98 000	-
Non-current assets		142 596 593	76 186 084
Assets		209 016 671	115 480 172
Liabilities and equity (in CHF)	Notes	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Payables from goods and services	13	6 494 000	3 191 777
Financial liabilities	14	4 315 723	36 188 263
Other short-term liabilities	15	2 552 680	3 177 997
Accrued liabilities and deferred income	16	6 762 481	5 461 868
Short-term provisions	17	-	20 000
Current liabilities		20 124 884	48 039 905
Financial liabilities	14	101 366 120	24 865 148
Deferred tax liabilities	18	12 061 829	8 291 891
Other Long-term liabilities	15	1 000 630	-
Long-term provisions	17	150 000	150 000
Non-current liabilities		114 578 579	33 307 039
Liabilities		134 703 463	81 346 944
Share capital	19	5 203 457	4 203 457
Capital reserves		30 619 847	4 096 847
Retained earnings		37 275 949	24 663 784
Translation differences		-2 134	-
Equity attributable to owner of the Finacrotec Group		73 097 119	32 964 088
Non-controlling interests		1 216 090	1 169 140
Liabilities and equity		209 016 671	115 480 172

Consolidated income statement

in CHF	Notes	2016	2015
Net sales from goods and services	3 / 20	119 036 197	87 061 856
Other operating income		3 368 574	3 818 913
Change in inventory of finished and unfinished goods	8	1 527 108	-3 189 085
Operating revenues		123 931 879	87 691 684
Material purchases	21	-38 270 810	-26 349 372
Personnel expenses	22	-42 982 705	-33 883 700
Other operating expenses	23	-10 898 758	-7 014 786
Operating expenses		-92 152 274	-67 247 858
Earning before interest, tax and amortization (EBITDA)		31 779 605	20 443 826
Depreciation and impairment on tangible fixed assets	11	-7 161 184	-5 612 833
Amortisation and impairment on intangible fixed assets	12	-3 498 233	-2 106 207
Total depreciation		-10 659 417	-7 719 040
Earnings before interest and tax (EBIT)		21 120 188	12 724 786
Net financial result	24	-3 649 087	-1 782 385
Non-operating result	25	-413 569	39 374
Extraordinary result	26	2 446 330	-1 019 357
Profit before income taxes		19 503 862	9 962 418
Income taxes	18	-6 289 192	-2 925 060
Profit for the year		13 214 670	7 037 358
Attributable to shareholders of Finacrotec SA		12 734 600	6 799 648
Attributable to non-controlling interests		480 070	237 710
Earnings per shares (EPS) - in CHF per share :			
Bearer shares			
Basic earnings per share	4	2.71	1.62
Diluted earnings per share	4	2.71	1.62

Consolidated statement of cash flows

in CHF	Notes	2016	2015
Profit of the year		13 214 670	7 037 358
Depreciation on tangible fixed assets	11	7 161 184	5 612 833
Amortisation and impairment on intangible fixed assets	12	3 498 233	2 106 207
Changes in deferred tax	18	-31 075	193 333
Finance costs		3 649 087	1 782 385
Loss on the disposal of an activity		-	688 307
Changes in short term provision	17	-20 000	10 000
Changes in long term provisions	17	-	150 000
Changes in working capital		-8 599 101	1 795 389
Changes in other long-term liabilities		577 442	-
Cash flow from operating activities		19 450 440	19 375 812
Increase of financial assets		-676 548	-300 000
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	11	354 032	1 567 778
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	11	-11 756 943	-8 532 849
Purchase of intangible assets	12	-245 000	-178 644
Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	27	-29 538 932	-
Cash flow from investing activities		-41 863 391	-7 443 715
Inflows from capital increase (including agio)		27 523 000	-
Acquisition of non-controlling interests		-122 435	-162 000
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		-555 556	-343 539
Changes in short-term financial liabilities		-31 872 540	-5 238 141
Changes in long-term financial liabilities		37 238 651	-3 226 785
Interest paid		-3 168 284	-1 782 385
Cash from financing activities		29 042 836	-10 752 850
Change in cash and cash equivalents		6 629 886	1 179 247
At beginning of year		7 937 075	6 757 828
Net foreign exchange difference		-2 134	-
At end of year		14 564 827	7 937 075
Change in cash and cash equivalents		6 629 886	1 179 247

Consolidated statement of change in equity

	Attribut	able to the equity				
in CHF	F Capital Retained Tot capital reserves earnings		Total	Non- controlling interests	Total equity	
Balance at 1 January 2015	4 203 457	4 096 847	18 026 136	26 326 440	1 835 210	28 161 650
Net income	- -	-	6 799 648	6 799 648	237 710	7 037 358
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-622 000	-622 000
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-162 000	-162 000	-281 780	-443 780
Balance at 31 December 2015	4 203 457	4 096 847	24 663 784	32 964 088	1 169 140	34 133 228
Capital increase	1 000 000	26 523 000	-	27 523 000	-	27 523 000
Net income	-	-	12 734 600	12 734 600	480 070	13 214 670
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-555 556	-555 556
Changes in non-controlling interests	-	-	-122 435	-122 435	122 436	0
Translation differences	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	-2 134	-2 134	-	-2 134
Balance at 31 December 2016	5 203 457	30 619 847	37 273 815	73 097 119	1 216 090	74 313 209

1. Corporate information

Finacrotec SA (the Company) and its subsidiaries (collectively the Group) is an independent Group active in micromechanical and watchmaking sectors. The Company is fully owned by Groupe Acrotec SA.

The Group offers to the market high quality Swiss made products.

The Company is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in Switzerland. Its registered office is located in Rue des Romains 1, 2802 Develier.

These consolidated financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 27 April 2017.

2. Summary of significant accounting policies

a. Basis of preparation

These consolidated financial statements provide a true and fair view of the Finacrotec's assets, financial position and earnings, and have been drawn up in accordance with all of the existing guidelines of the accounting and reporting recommendations of Swiss GAAP FER. The consolidated financial statements of the Group are based upon the financial statements of the Group companies as at 31 December and are established in accordance with the standardized reporting and accounting policies. The financial statements are based on the principle of historical acquisition costs and on the going concern principle. The statements are presented in Swiss francs (CHF) without cents that may create some not significant differences due to roundings.

b. Consolidation policies - business combinations and goodwill

The Group companies include all companies that are directly or indirectly controlled by Finacrotec SA. In this respect, control is defined as the power to control the financial and operating activities of the respective company, so as to obtain benefits from its operations. This control is normally evidenced by the holding of more than half of the voting rights on share capital of an entity. Group companies are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. Subsidiaries intended for disposal are excluded from the consolidation from the date on which control ceases. Companies acquired over the course of the year are revalued and consolidated in accordance with Group principles upon the date of acquisition. The difference between the acquisition costs and the proportional revalued net assets is referred to as goodwill. The goodwill resulting from acquisitions is recognized in the non-current assets. In the event that shares of Group are sold, the difference between the proceeds from the sale and the proportional book value of the net assets, including historical goodwill, is recognized as a gain or loss in the income statement.

Non-controlling interests in equity and in net income are disclosed separately in the consolidated balance sheet and the consolidated income statement. Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries are recognized as equity transactions, provided that control continues. Intercompany transactions, balances and unrealized gains and losses from transactions between Group companies are eliminated in full. Representation on the board of directors or access to the current financial information of a company are also indicators of significant influence.

c. Scope of consolidation

At 31 December 2016, the Group's consolidation structure comprised 19 legal entities (2015: 10), all fully consolidated. Note 28 includes a complete list of Group companies. Vardeco Inc, an US company owned by the Group is not included in the scope. As this entity is dormant, it would have a minor impact on the consolidated result and has been assessed as not significant.

d. Accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Swiss GAAP FER requires the use of certain accounting estimates and judgments. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are assumed to be reasonable under the given circumstances. Real results may differ from these estimates. Management continuously reviews and, if necessary, adapts the estimates and underlying assumptions. Any changes are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised.

e. Foreign currency translation

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to Swiss francs at their respective spot rate at transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are translated to Swiss francs at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the income statement. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated to Swiss francs at foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the values were determined.

Conversion of financial statements of foreign subsidiaries

Assets and liabilities of foreign subsidiaries are translated at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date, while items of income statement are translated at average exchange rates of the year. The conversion of equity is carried out at historical rates. Foreign currency translation gains or losses due to the conversion of financial statements are offset against shareholders' equity, through a Cumulative Translation Adjustment Reserve.

The following exchange rates against Swiss Francs have been used to translate consolidated financial statements:

Currency	Unit	Average rate	Prevailing	Average rate	Prevailing
		2016	31.12.2016	2015	31.12.2015
		CHF	CHF	CHF	CHF
EUR	1.00	1.0736	1.0898	N/A	N/A

f. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the balance sheet comprise petty cash, cash at banks and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. They are recorded at their nominal value. In the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

g. Receivables from goods and services

Receivables from goods and services are recognized and carried at the original net invoice amount less an allowance for any specifically impaired receivables. Impairment is charged for receivables which are either more than 12 months overdue or for which specific risks have been identified. Bad debts are written off when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect the receivables. Allowances for impaired receivables as well as losses on trade receivables are recognized as other operating expenses.

h. Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of acquisition or production cost and fair value less cost to sell. Any discounts received are treated as cost reductions. Manufacturing costs comprise all costs directly attributable to material and production, as well as overhead costs incurred in building up the inventory at its current location and/or to its current condition. Acquisition costs are determined according to the weighted average or some production companies value their own produced inventories using the standard cost method or the retail method depending on their activity. As these costs and the margin for the retail method are regularly reviewed and updated, this method approximates the result of the weighted average method.

i. Financial assets

Financial assets are recognized as nominal values. Any transaction income incurred are posted directly in the income statement. Financial assets are shown on the balance sheet as non-current assets.

j. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are recorded in the balance sheet at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairments. Acquisition costs comprise the purchase price as well as the costs directly attributable to the utilization of the property, plant and equipment. Investments in existing property, plant and equipment are only capitalized if their value in use is sustainably increased or their useful life is extended considerably. Self-constructed assets are only capitalized if they are clearly identifiable and the costs can be reliably determined, and if the assets generate measurable benefits for the Group over a period of several years. Maintenance and repair costs that do not add value are charged directly to the result for the period.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the assets, as follows:

- Land none- Buildings 50 years- Vehicles 4 years

Machines and technical equipment
 10, 15 and 20 years according to the type of machines

10 years

Measuring instruments, tools and

processing equipment

Furniture
 5 and 10 years according to the type of furniture

- IT equipment 3 years

The residual values and the remaining useful life of property, plant and equipment are reviewed yearly and adjusted where necessary. The Group does not capitalize any interest expenses incurred during the construction period.

k. Intangible assets

Goodwill

The difference between the acquisition costs and the actual value of the net identifiable assets of the acquired company at the time of the purchase represents goodwill from business combinations. The goodwill resulting from acquisitions is recognized in Group long term assets at the time of the acquisition and amortized over a 20 years period.

Capitalized development costs

Research costs are expensed when incurred. Development costs are only capitalized if they can be identified as intangible assets that will generate economic benefits in the future and the costs can be measured reliably. Other development costs are expensed when incurred. Once a product enters commercial production, the capitalized development costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life that is usually 5 years.

I. Impairment of assets

The recoverable value of non-current assets (including goodwill) is verified on every balance sheet date. If there are indications of a sustained impairment, the recoverable amount of the respective assets will be determined. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an individual asset cannot be determined, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the smallest group of assets to which the individual asset belongs. If the book value of an asset exceeds the recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognized separately in the income statement. In the event that a Group company is sold, any goodwill acquired at an earlier point in time is taken into consideration when determining the gain or loss in the income statement.

m. Provisions

Provisions are recognized:

- when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events,
- when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and
- when a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

The expense relating to any provision is presented in the income statement, net of any reimbursement. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted, using a current discount rate that reflects, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision in function of time is recognized as interest expense.

n. Financial liabilities

Financial debts are recognized as nominal values. Any transaction costs incurred are posted directly in the income statement. Financial debts are shown on the balance sheet as current liabilities, unless the Group has an unconditional right to postpone the settlement of the debt until at least 12 months after the balance sheet date.

o. Income taxes

The tax expense for the period comprises current income taxes and deferred taxes. Tax is recognized in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognized directly in equity.

Current income tax

Current tax liabilities and assets for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is determined using tax regulations and rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is not intended that the temporary difference will reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

p. Pensions and other post-employment benefits

Pension obligations

Group companies operate various pension schemes, which conform to the legal regulations and provisions in force. The actual economic effects of pension schemes on the Group are calculated at balance sheet date. An economic obligation is recognized as a liability if the requirements for the recognition of a liability are met. An economic benefit is capitalized provided that this can be used for future Group pension contributions. Freely available employer contribution reserves are capitalized.

Employees of Finacrotec Group companies are insured as part of separate legal entities and financed by contributions from both employers and employees. Surpluses or deficits are calculated based on the Pension Fund's financial statements, which have been drawn up in accordance with Swiss GAAP FER 26. The Group's pension costs include the employer contributions accrued in the period as well as any economic effects from the excess/shortfall and the change in employer contribution reserves.

q. Share capital and treasury shares

Shares issued by Finacrotec Group are recognized in equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds. Share capital consists of registered shares, each with a nominal value of CHF 1.-. Each share carries one vote and confer equal entitlement to dividends. Own equity instruments that are reacquired (treasury shares) are deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in the income statement on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments. In the event of a resale at a later point in time, a gain or loss is recognized as an addition to or reduction of capital reserves.

r. Sales and revenue recognition

Net sales include the inflow of economic benefits from the sale of goods and services within the scope of ordinary business during the period under review. Sales reductions such as discounts, rebates and other concessions as well as payments to third parties such as commissions, credit card fees and any value added tax have been deducted from net sales reported. All intercompany sales are eliminated during consolidation.

Revenues are reported if a Group company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership of products sold to the client, and the collectability of the related receivables is reasonably secured. Revenue from services is recognized in the accounting period in which the service is rendered. Accruals for discounts granted to clients are established during the same period as the sales which gave rise to the discounts under the terms of the contract.

s. Dividends

Dividend payments to shareholders are recognized in the Group's financial statements in the period in which the Annual General Meeting of the holding company has given its approval.

t. Leases

Finance leases

A finance lease is where the lessor transfers to the lessee practically all of the risks and rewards associated with the ownership of the leased item. At the beginning of the term of the lease contract, the lower of fair value of the leased item or net present value of the future lease payments is shown in the balance sheet as assets and liabilities. Each lease payment is apportioned between the finance charges and the reduction of the lease liability, so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance costs are recorded directly in the income statement as expenditure. Capitalized leased assets are depreciated over the lower of estimated economic useful life of the asset or contract period.

Operating leases

An operating lease is where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor. Operating lease payments are recognized as expenses in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

u. Non-operating activities

Non-operating result is expense and income which arise from events or transactions that clearly differ from the usual business activities of the organisation. Expense and income from non-operating tangible fixed assets also form part of the non-operating result.

v. Extraordinary

Expense and income which arise extremely rarely in the context of the ordinary operations and which are not predictable are considered as extraordinary.

3. Segment information

a. Operating segment information

Operating segments are reported consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Management Board. Although the Group operates on different sectors, its various activities are aggregated in two reportable operating segments that are :

Watchmaking industry

Shock absorbers, spring barrels, oscillating weights and various other mission-critical components

Non-watch industry

High-value add connectors for various end-markets such as automotive, aerospace and medtech, jewelry and metal cut parts that go into turbochargers

The reportable operating segments generate mainly their revenue from the manufacture and the sale of products to third parties. Corporate services does not qualify as a segment but is shown separately. It includes the activities of the Group's holding, finance and other administrative services. Elimination of intercompany transactions such as sales and expenses is shown under the column "Elimination".

in CHF	Watchmaking industry	Other industry	Corporate	Elimination	Total
- Third parties	64 321 158	54 702 352	-	-	119 023 510
- Group	3 377 190	474 164	2 595 949	-6 447 303	-
- Related parties	-	-	12 687	-	12 687
Net Sales	67 698 348	55 176 516	2 608 636	-6 447 303	119 036 197
Operating result	19 561 376	13 349 856	-1 131 627	-	31 779 605
In % of net sales	28.9%	24.2%	-43.4%	0.0%	26.7%

2015 in CHF	Watchmaking industry	Other industry	Corporate	Elimination	Total
- Third parties	53 978 251	33 083 605	-	-	87 061 856
- Group	3 371 698	-	2 293 631	-5 665 329	-
Net Sales	57 349 949	33 083 605	2 293 631	-5 665 329	87 061 856
Operating result	14 803 692	7 907 877	-2 267 743	-	20 443 826
In % of net sales	25.8%	23.9%	-98.9%	0.0%	23.5%

b. Information on geographical regions

	201	16	2015		
in CHF	Net Sales	Operating result *	Net Sales	Operating result *	
- Switzerland	72 912 355	18 798 262	63 570 178	14 266 186	
- Other Europe	36 609 265	10 405 332	14 921 515	3 976 928	
Total Europe	109 521 621	29 203 594	78 491 693	18 243 114	
Total America	6 605 973	1 713 076	6 366 869	1 639 321	
Total Asia	2 891 209	859 161	1 516 138	382 648	
Total Rest of the world	17 394	3 774	687 156	178 743	
Total:	119 036 197	31 779 605	87 061 856	20 443 826	

^{*} Operating result is calculated on the basis of the percentage of EBITDA of individual companies.

4. Earnings per share

a. Basic	2016	2015
Net income attributable to shareholders of Finacrotec SA (in CHF)	12 734 600	6 799 648
Percentage of registered shares outstanding in comparaison with the share capital outstanding	100%	100%
Percentage of bearer shares outstanding in comparaison with the share capital outstanding	0%	0%
Registered shares		
Net income attributable to registered shareholders	12 734 600	6 799 648
Average number of shares outstanding	4 703 457	4 203 457
Basic earnings per shares (in CHF)	2.71	1.62
Bearer shares		
Net income attributable to bearer shareholders	-	-
Average number of shares outstanding	-	-
Basic earnings per shares (in CHF)	-	-
b. Diluted		
Registered shares	2016	2015
Net income attributable to registered shareholders	12 734 600	6 799 648
Average number of shares outstanding (basic)	4 703 457	4 203 457
Potential number of shares from options outstanding	-	-
Average potential number of shares outstanding (diluted)	4 703 457	4 203 457
Diluted earnings per shares (in CHF)	2.71	1.62
Bearer shares		
Net income attributable to bearer shareholders	-	-
Average number of shares outstanding (basic)	-	-
Potential number of shares from options outstanding	-	-
Average potential number of shares outstanding (diluted)	-	-

5. Dividends paid and proposed

The Annual General meeting approved that no dividend be paid during 2016.

6. Receivables from goods and services	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Trade receivables from third parties - gross	17 450 352	10 609 555
Allowance for impaired receivables	17 450 352 -1 287 071 16 163 281 31.12.2016 2 072 257 715 569 2 787 825 31.12.2016 9 516 268 10 617 933 15 127 421 -3 706 816 31 554 806 1 527 108 1 017 162 2 800 629 5 344 899 31.12.2016 1 349 338 1 349 338	-469 779
	16 163 281	10 139 776
7. Other short-term receivables	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Other receivables from third parties	2 072 257	806 132
Other receivables from parent entities	-	9 111
Other receivables from shareholders	715 569	228 369
	2 787 825	1 043 612
8. Inventories	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Raw materials, auxiliary material and supplies	9 516 268	3 831 119
Goods in progress	10 617 933	4 684 976
Finished goods	15 127 421	11 315 676
Allowance for impaired inventories	-3 706 816	-763 156
	31 554 806	19 068 615
Change in inventory of finished and unfinished goods as well as unbilled goods and services		-3 189 085
Change in inventory of raw material expense		-706 828
Change in estimate for inventories valuation (Note 26)	2 800 629	-
	5 344 899	-3 895 913
9. Prepayments and accrued income	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Prepayment and accrued income from third parties	1 349 338	1 105 010
	1 349 338	1 105 010
10. Financial assets	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Financial assets from third parties	351 416	-
Financial assets from parent entities	205 802	-
Asset from the employer contribution reserve from pension institution	2 197 079	900 000
	2 754 296	900 000

11. Property, plant and equipment

	Undeveloped Land	Land, buildings and properties	Technical equipment & machinery	Other equipment & fixtures	In progress	Total
Historical cost, 31 December 2015	147 382	27 420 587	67 437 504	3 999 961	-	99 005 434
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 27)	-	11 948 846	16 308 521	10 301 405	1 264 464	39 823 237
Additions	119 554	164 288	9 366 761	1 506 394	629 302	11 786 299
Disposals	-	-	-808 459	-291 414	-	-1 099 873
Transfers	-	-	1 502 216	-	-1 502 216	-
Exchange rate impact	-	-14 224	-17 716	-33 982		-65 922
Historical cost, 31 December 2016	266 936	39 519 497	93 788 828	15 482 365	391 551	149 449 176
Accumulated depreciation, 31 December 2015		-12 360 555	-39 776 706	-1 922 569	-	-54 059 830
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 27)	-	-2 502 709	-7 545 298	-7 955 211	-	-18 003 218
Annual depreciation	-	-574 342	-5 306 597	-1 280 246	-	-7 161 184
Depreciation on disposals	-	-	547 700	198 141	-	745 841
Exchange rate impact	-	23 289	-14 858	28 134	-	36 565
Accumulated depreciation, 31 December 2016	0	-15 414 317	-52 095 758	-10 931 751	0	-78 441 826
Net book values :						
Balance at 31 December 2015	147 382	15 060 032	27 660 798	2 077 392	-	44 945 604
Balance at 31 December 2016	266 936	24 105 180	41 693 069	4 550 614	391 551	71 007 350

	Undeveloped Land	Land, buildings and properties	Technical equipment & machinery	Other equipment & fixtures	In progress	Total
Historical cost, 31 December 2014	147 382	26 165 706	63 977 067	2 402 568	-	92 692 723
Divestments of businesses	-	-	-1 299 546	-	-	-1 299 546
Additions	-	1 423 684	5 400 371	1 708 794	-	8 532 849
Disposals	-	-168 803	-640 388	-111 401	-	-920 592
Historical cost, 31 December 2015	147 382	27 420 587	67 437 504	3 999 961	-	99 005 434
Accumulated depreciation, 31 December 2014	-	-12 025 444	-35 577 522	-844 031	-	-48 446 997
Depreciation on divestments of businesses	-	-	-246 237		-	-246 237
Annual depreciation	-	-335 111	-3 952 947	-1 078 538	-	-5 366 596
Accumulated depreciation, 31 December 2015	-	-12 360 555	-39 776 706	-1 922 569	-	-54 059 830
Net book values :						
Balance at 31 December 2014	147 382	14 140 262	28 399 545	1 558 537	-	44 245 726
Balance at 31 December 2015	147 382	15 060 032	27 660 798	2 077 392	-	44 945 604

12. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Capitalized development costs	Total
Historical cost, 31 December 2015	39 824 877	178 644	40 003 521
Acquisition of subsidiaries (Note 27)	-	465 000	465 000
Additions	41 184 700	245 000	41 429 700
Historical cost, 31 December 2016	81 009 577	888 644	81 898 221
Accumulated amortisation, 31 December 2015	-9 614 383	-48 658	-9 663 041
Annual amortisation	-3 384 645	-113 588	-3 498 233
Accumulated amortisation, 31 December 2016	-12 999 028	-162 246	-13 161 274
Net book values :			
Balance at 31 December 2015	30 210 494	129 986	30 340 480
Balance at 31 December 2016	68 010 549	726 398	68 736 947

	Goodwill	Capitalized development costs	Total
Historical cost, 31 December 2014	40 512 909	-	40 512 909
Divestments of businesses	-688 032	-	-688 032
Additions	-	178 644	178 644
Historical cost, 31 December 2015	39 824 877	178 644	40 003 521
Accumulated amortisation, 31 December 2014	-7 556 834	-	-7 556 834
Depreciation on divestments of businesses	-39 996	-	-39 996
Annual amortisation	-2 017 553	-48 658	-2 066 211
Accumulated amortisation, 31 December 2015	-9 614 383	-48 658	-9 663 041
Net book values :			
Balance at 31 December 2014	32 956 075	-	32 956 075
Balance at 31 December 2015	30 210 494	129 986	30 340 480
13. Payables from goods and services		31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Payables to third parties		6 494 000	3 191 777
		6 494 000	3 191 777
14. Financial liabilities		31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Fixed term bank advance		-	29 800 000
Liabilities to shareholders		76 000 000	9 069 710
Bank debt		902 997	5 858 606
Mortgage		17 209 925	11 297 815
Leasing		11 568 922	5 027 280
		105 681 844	61 053 411
Current		4 315 723	36 188 263

Liabilities to shareholders concern a long-term loan bearing interest from Groupe Acrotec SA. Following the issuance of bonds in September 2016, Groupe Acrotec SA lent MCHF 76 to Finacrotec SA in order to restructure its debt. Therefore, certain subsidiaries are unconditional and irrevocable guarantors to the bonds.

Bonds were issued on the SIX Swiss Exchange on 22 September 2016 with a principal amount of CHF 106'000'000.- and an interest rate of 4%. The maturity date is 22 November 2021.

Collateral

Mortgages and Leases: Fixed assets financed by leases or mortgages are pledged. Refer to note 31.

Bonds: The Bonds have the benefit of unconditional and irrevocable guarantees from certain subsidiaries of the Group.

15. Other liabilities	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Third parties	2 322 908	1 137 932
Patronage fund	1 031 608	52 186
Other liabilities to parent entities	-	191 198
Other liabilities to shareholders	198 794	1 796 681
	3 553 310	3 177 997
Other short-term liabilities	2 552 680	3 177 997
Other long-term liabilities	1 000 630	-
	3 553 310	3 177 997
16. Accrued liabilities and deferred income	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Tax provision	4 128 361	1 634 419
Accrued liabilities due to third parties	2 310 712	2 555 309
Accrued liabilities due to shareholders	323 407	1 272 140
	6 762 481	5 461 868

17. Provisions

	Warranties	Other provisions	Total
At 1 January 2016	20 000	150 000	170 000
Released	-20 000	-	-20 000
At 31 December 2016	-	150 000	150 000
Current Non-current	- -	150 000	- 150 000
At 1 January 2015	10 000	-	10 000
Creation	10 000	150 000	160 000
At 31 December 2015	20 000	150 000	170 000
Current	20 000	-	20 000
Non-current		150 000	150 000

Warranties

A provision is recognized for expected warranty claims on products sold based on a specific analysis made at each closing date. In 2016, short-term provisions were released as all claims were cancelled.

Other provisions

One company of the Group is involved in litigation arising from past event with patronage fund. Management estimated the outcome of this lawsuit on the basis of currently available information and recorded adequate provision in 2015. No change occurred in 2016.

18. Income tax

The major components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 December 2016 and 2015 are :

a. Income tax expense

	2016	2015
Current income taxes		
Current year income taxes	-6 218 718	-2 714 851
Adjustments in respect of prior years	-101 548	-16 876
	-6 320 267	-2 731 727
Deferred taxes		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	-188 973	-193 333
Relating to adjustment of tax rates on prior year deferred taxes	122 048	-
Relating to capitalization and use of taxes carried forward	98 000	-
	31 075	-193 333
	-6 289 192	-2 925 060

b. Group's effective tax rate

In 2016, the expected tax rate is high compared to 2015. This situation is due to negative results on the holding companies which have reduced tax rates. The reconciliation between the theoretical and effective rate is presented below:

	2016	2015
Expected tax rate at weighted average applicable tax rate	29.81%	21.50%
Unrecognised deferred tax assets	0.00%	0.00%
Changes in tax rates on deferred tax	-0.63%	0.00%
Prior years' taxes	0.52%	0.00%
Tax effect of non-taxable items	1.36%	4.35%
Other	1.18%	3.51%
Effective tax rate	32.25%	29.36%

The effective tax rate based on the ordinary result in the year under review was 32.25% (previous year 29.36%).

c. Deferred tax

Deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to the following balance sheet items :

	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Receivables from goods and services	-182 775	-161 352
Inventories	-2 285 040	-2 586 402
Prepayments and accrued income	-9 030	-27 735
Property, plant and equipment	-8 150 865	-4 430 009
Intangible assets	-92 914	-27 947
Long-term provisions	-1 341 205	-1 058 446
Loss carried forward	98 000	-
	-11 963 829	-8 291 891
Deferred tax assets	98 000	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-12 061 829	-8 291 891
	-11 963 829	-8 291 891
Tax (expense)/income from the change in deferred tax from temporary differences	-3 671 939	-193 333
Variation due to acquired subsidiaries (Note 27)	-3 703 014	-
Tax (expense)/income from the change in deferred tax from temporary differences	31 075	-193 333

Deferred tax assets resulting from deductible temporary differences, tax credits or losses carried forward are recognized only to the extent that realization of the related tax benefit is probable.

19. Share capital and reserves

Share capital

Over the past three years, the share capital of Finacrotec SA has developed as follows :

Balance sheet date	Registered shares	Share capital in CHF
31.12.2014	4'203'457 at CHF 1.00	4 203 457
31.12.2015	4'203'457 at CHF 1.00	4 203 457
31.12.2016	5'203'457 at CHF 1.00	5 203 457

In 2016, the share capital of Finacrotec SA increased of 1'000'000 shares in order to finance acquisitions.

Capital reserves

Capital reserves include non-distributable, statutory or legal reserves amounting to CHF 4'529'343 (2015: CHF 3'942'756).

20. Net sales from goods and services	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Net sales from goods and services	119 023 510	86 474 014
Net sales from goods and services from parent entities	12 687	587 842
	119 036 197	87 061 856
Net sales by industry	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Net sales watchmaking industry	64 321 158	53 978 351
Net sales other industries	54 702 352	33 083 505
Net sales corporate	12 687	-
	119 036 197	87 061 856
Net sales by country	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Net sales in Switzerland	72 912 355	63 570 178
Net sales in foreign countries	46 123 841	23 491 678
	119 036 197	87 061 856
21. Material purchases	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Material costs	-25 975 197	-16 036 319
Tools and supply	-977 486	-1 329 844
Cost of external services	-11 124 729	-7 663 149
Energy	-128 341	-818 935
Others ray material expenses	-65 057	-501 125
	-38 270 810	-26 349 372
On December 1	31.12.2016	04.40.004
22. Personnel expense		31.12.2015
Wages and salaries	-35 970 312	-28 213 272
Social security costs	-6 078 267	-4 498 117
Others personal expenses	-934 126	-1 172 311
	-42 982 705	-33 883 700

23. Other operating expenses	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Maintenance, rents and energy	-6 241 895	-3 688 478
Leasing	-16 052	-41 334
Vehicle	-250 345	-193 920
Administration and IT	-2 825 426	-1 928 329
Insurance	-395 139	-276 358
Marketing and sales	-983 726	-866 910
Change in bad debt allowance	-186 174	-19 457
	-10 898 758	-7 014 786
Other operating expenses related to third parties	-10 292 590	-7 014 786
Other operating expenses related to Group companies	-606 169	-
	-10 898 758	-7 014 786
24. Net financial result Financial income	31.12.2016 32 925	31.12.2015 3 931
Financial income	32 925	3 931
Financial income to shareholders	14 119	-
	47 044	3 931
Financial expense	-1 876 937	-1 446 821
Financial expense to shareholders	-1 819 194	-339 495
	-3 696 131	-1 786 316
	-3 649 087	-1 782 385
25. Non-operating result	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Non-operating income	93 802	39 374
Non-operation expense	-507 371	-
	-413 569	39 374

Non-operating income generated in 2016 relates to mainly a refund of non-operating tax and a refund of an insurance. In 2015, the corresponding amount was mostly related to a refund of non-operating tax.

Non-operating expense generated in 2016 relates to consulting fees for debt restructuring and accounting services and non recoverable VAT.

26. Extraordinary result	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Non-recurring income	286 846	186 890
Change in estimate for inventories valuation	2 800 629	-
	3 087 475	186 890
Non-recurrent expense	-641 145	-367 940
Result from non-core business disposal	-	-688 307
Allocation to legal provision	-	-150 000
	-641 145	-1 206 247
	2 446 330	-1 019 357

Non-recurring income is due to prior years incomes adjustment (CHF 286'846) and change in estimate for inventories valuation (CHF 2'800'629). Indeed, until 2016, some companies valued their inventories based on the retail method whereas in 2016, these inventories were valued at the manufacturing costs which is a more appropriate method to their activities. The impact of the change in estimate was recorded as an extraordinary item.

Non-recurring expense is due to a bonus paid in connection with the acquisition of a subsidiary (CHF 199'825) and prior years expenses adjustment (CHF 441'320) .

In 2015, non-recurring income was due prior years incomes and expenses adjustment including an indirect tax penalty provision (CHF 135'000) and indemnity to paid further to the breach of contract (CHF 150'000). Non-core business disposal cost represented the net result on the disposal of the milling activity.

27. Business combinations

Acquisitions of subsidiaries

In 2016, four companies, which are presented below, were acquired by the Group:

I. On 11 February 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of mu-DEC SA which is an unlisted company based in La Chaux-de-Fonds and specialising in the manufacture of complex small watch parts such as wheels and pinions. The Group acquired mu-DEC SA because of its specific knowledge in the manufacturing of watch parts.

II. On 29 February 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of DJC SAS, an unlisted company based in Thiez and specialising in high capacity production of precision turned parts from metal bars. The Group acquired DJC SAS because of its specific knowledge and the possible synergies.

III. On 03 June 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of FX & Associés Holding SA and its stake of J2X Holding SA and Precipro SA. These companies are unlisted and are based in La Chaux-de-Fonds. Precipro SA is specialised in the manufacture of jewellery such as bracelets, necklaces, rings and earrings made from precious metals with designs provided by customers. The Group acquired FX & Associés Holding SA because of its precious metals capabilities and supply chain know-how to the Group.

IV. On 03 June 2016, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of Petitpierre Holding SA and its stake in Petitpierre SA which are both an unlisted company based in Cortaillod. Petitpierre SA is specialised in the manufacture of machine tools for the watch-making industry as well as assembly and control of precision components. The Group acquired Petitpierre SA because of its knowledge of critical components that it currently does not produce or assemble, such as parts that constitute the « watch assortment »

The Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of mu-DEC SA, DJC SAS, FX & Associés Holding SA and Petitpierre holding SA and therefore it took control over these subsidiaries. mu-DEC SA and DJC SAS were fully consolidated since 29 February 2016 and FX & Associés Holding SA as well as Petitpierre Holding SA were fully consolidated since 31 May 2016. The following consideration was paid to acquire these companies:

Total	69 445 310
Acquisition costs	246 025
Shares issued at actual value	27 523 000
Cash paid to vendor	41 676 285

The Group paid KCHF 41'676 in cash as part of the consideration in accordance with the share purchase agreements.

The Group issued 1'000'000 ordinary shares as part of the consideration. The fair value of the shares was calculated with reference to the estimated price (EBITDA multiple) of the shares of the Company at the date of acquisition.

Acquisition costs correspond to consulting and legal expenses disbursed during the due diligence process.

2016

2015

The following table summarizes the recognized amounts of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date, as well as the consideration paid and the goodwill arising on acquisition:

Purchase consideration paid (incl. acquisition-related costs)	69 445 310	
	Acquired values	Acquired values
Current assets	26 138 868	-
Property, plant and equipment	21 820 019	-
Intangible assets	465 000	-
Financial assets	1 177 748	-
Current liabilities	-5 475 504	-
Deferred tax liabilities	-3 703 014	-
Long term liabilities	-12 162 507	-
Net assets acquired	28 260 610	-
Goodwill	41 184 700	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	-12 383 379	-
Consideration paid in shares of the parent	-27 523 000	-
Cash outflow on acquisition	29 538 932	

Current assets: The total amount is composed by cash and cash equivalents (CHF 12'383'379), receivables from goods and services (CHF 5'536'805), other receivables (CHF 613'811), inventories (CHF 7'141'292) and prepaid expenses (CHF 463'579). Currents assets have been recorded in accordance with group accounting policies.

Property, plant and equipment: mostly relate to the production plants of the acquired companies and two buildings located in Cortaillod and Thiez. PPE were remeasured at acquisition in accordance with Group accounting policies. The plant has been remeasured to its actual value based on an appraisal made by an independent real estate expert.

Current liabilities: The total amount is composed by payables from goods and services (CHF 2'303'279), other payables (CHF 2'329'225) and accrued liabilities and deferred income (CHF 843'000). They have been recorded in accordance with group accounting policies.

Deferred tax liabilities: mainly comprises the tax effect of the accelerated depreciation for tax purposes of tangible and intangible assets.

Long term liabilities: mostly relate to the debt of the acquired companies such as mortgage, short and long term bank debt, leasings and liabilities to shareholders.

Goodwill: The surplus of acquisition cost over the newly valued net assets is designated as goodwill and is capitalised as an intangible asset. In accordance with Group accounting policies, the amortisation period of acquired goodwill is 20 years, which is sustainable as the industry in which the acquired entity operates is not changing very quickly and therefore the Group expect to able to benefits from the synergies generated by the acquisition during at least 20 years.

28. Finacrotec Companies - as at 31.12.2016

Europe CHF	Country Field of Activity	Capital in millions	Finacrotec Group Share-holdings		Consolidation	
				% voting	% rights	
Finacrotec SA, Develier	Switzerland	Holding	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Acrotec SA, Develier	Switzerland	Holding	4 043 417	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Vardeco SA, Develier	Switzerland	Industrial	300 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Kif Parechoc SA, Le Chenit	Switzerland	Watch	720 000	94%	94%	Fully consolidated
Générale Ressorts SA, Bienne	Switzerland	Watch-Industrial	2 425 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Décovi Holding SA, Val Terbi	Switzerland	Holding	250 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Décovi SA, Val Terbi	Switzerland	Industrial-Watch	150 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
K2A Sàrl, Le Chenit	Switzerland	Watch	20 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
SMTS Holding SA, Le Chenit	Switzerland	Holding	120 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
STS Saulcy traitement de Surface SA, Le Chenit	Switzerland	Watch	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
STS2 Saulcy Traitement de Surface SA, La Chaux-de-Fonds	Switzerland	Watch	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
STS3 Saulcy Traitement de Surface SA, Develier *	Switzerland	Watch	200 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Vardeco Inc, US	United States	Dormant	-	0%	0%	None
mu-DEC SA, La Chaux-de-Fonds **	Switzerland	Watch	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Petitpierre Holding SA, Cortaillod **	Switzerland	Holding	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Petitpierre SA, Cortaillod **	Switzerland	Watch-Industrial	140 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
FX & Associés Holding SA, Le Locle **	Switzerland	Holding	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
J2X Holding SA, Le Locle **	Switzerland	Holding	100 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Precipro SA, Le Locle **	Switzerland	Watch-Industrial	411 000	100%	100%	Fully consolidated
Europe EUR						
D.J.C SAS, Thyez **	France	Industrial	7 724 680	100%	100%	Fully consolidated

^{*} Created companies in 2016.

^{**} Acquired companies in 2016

29. Retirement benefit obligations

Employer contribution reserves (ECR) in CHF:

2016	Nominal value 31.12.2016	Waiver of use 31.12.2016	Balance sheet 31.12.2016	Accumulation	Balance sheet 31.12.2015		CR in personnel enses
						2016	2015
Patronage funds / patronage pension plans	393'222	-	393 222	393 222	-	119 847	-
Pension institutions	1'803'857	-	1 803 857	903 857	900 000	-	-
	2 197 079		2 197 079	1 297 079	900 000	119 847	-

2015	Nominal value 31.12.2015	Waiver of use 31.12.2015	Balance sheet 31.12.2015	Accumulation	Balance sheet 31.12.2014		CR in personnel enses
						2015	2014
Pension institutions	900'000	-	900 000	300 000	600 000	-	-
	900 000	-	900 000	300 000	600 000	-	-

The accumulation of patronage funds between 2016 and 2015 contains an amount of CHF 243'345 acquired in the same time as the acquisition of a new company.

Economic benefit / economic obligation and pension benefit expenses

	Change from previous year					
2016	Surplus/ deficit	Group's economic share	no income statement impact	income statement impact	Contributions for the business period	Pension costs within personnel expense
Patronage funds / patronage pension plans	6 352 995	-	-	-	-	-
Pension plans without surplus / deficit	-	-	-	-	-3 431 749	-3 431 749
Pension plans with deficit	-	-	-	-	-811 779	-811 779
	6 352 995	-	-	-	-4 243 528	-4 243 528

	Change from previous year					
2015	Surplus/ deficit	Group's economic share	no income statement impact	income statement impact	Contributions for the business period	Pension costs within personnel expense
Patronage funds / patronage pension plans	6 457 613	-	-	-	-	-
Pension plans without surplus / deficit	-	-	-	-	-2 660 056	-2 660 056
Pension plans with surplus	-	-	-	-	-462 698	-462 698
Pension plans with deficit	-	-	-	-	-	-
	6 457 613	_			3 122 754	3 122 754

30. Related party transactions

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

Unless specified below, the transactions with related parties are made at terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length. Outstanding balances at the year-end are unsecured and interest free and settlement occurs in cash. There have been no guarantees provided or received for any related party receivables or payables. For the year ended 31 December 2016, the Group has not recorded any impairment of receivables relating to amounts owed by related parties (2015: CHF Nil).

The following table provides the total amount of transactions that have been entered into and the outstanding balances with related parties for the relevant fiscal year:

		Sales and interest charged to related parties	Purchase and interest from/due to related parties	Other transactions with related parties	Amounts owed by related parties	Amounts owed to related parties
Shareholders of the ultimate parent company						
	2016	26 807	-2 425 363	-	921 371	-76 522 201
	2015	587 842	-739 495	-	275 053	-11 297 325

Transaction with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders

In 2016, Finacrotec SA was sold to another Private equity fund and as a result of the deal, the shareholding structure of the Group changed. Indeed, Finacrotec SA was jointly sold to Groupe Acrotec SA (14%), which was created during the deal, and to a parent company owned by shareholders (86%). Simultaneous to closing, the parent company contributed its 86% (CHF 160'210'894) of Finacrotec SA shareholding to Groupe Acrotec SA as share premium.

Shareholders of the ultimate parent

In 2016, revenues from related parties mainly come from financial income charged to shareholders of the ultimate parent for CHF 14'119 and sales in relation to services provided to a company owned by one shareholder of the ultimate parent for CHF 12'687. In 2015, revenues from related parties were mainly generated from financial interests.

In 2016, service fees were paid by the Group to 3A Holding SA and Castik, shareholders of the ultimate parent, for CHF CHF 555'900 mainly to cover the assistance provided in the financial reporting. In the first semester of 2016, service fees were also paid to Quilvest SA, the former majority shareholder, for CHF 50'269 to cover the services provided. Additionally, financial interests were paid to the shareholders related to postponed loans before the debt restructuring for an amount of CHF 99'677 and the interests on the long term debt with Groupe Acrotec SA were amounted to CHF 1719'517.

The amount owed by related parties corresponds to the current account with shareholders of the ultimate parent for CHF 715'569 (2015: CHF 221'073) and a loan to a company owned by a shareholder's relative of the ultimate parent for CHF 205'802 (2015: CHF 0).

In 2016, Acrotec SA subscribed a long term debt of CHF 76'000'000 from Groupe Acrotec SA in relation to its debt restructuring. The other liabilities of CHF 198'794 are due to 3A Holding SA regarding to service fees as explained above. Finally, accrued liabilities accounted for CHF 323'407 concern financial interests owed to Groupe Acrotec SA for the long term debt.

In 2015, several shareholders of the ultimate parents lent money to the Group for a total amount of CHF 11'297'325. Most of these borrowings were postponed and interest was charged 3,5% to 4,35% depending on the interest market conditions when the loan was granted. In 2016, all these borrowings were reimbursed after the bond issuance. The amount owned by related parties corresponds to the current account with one shareholder of the ultimate parent.

31. Commitments and contingencies

a. Contingent assets and liabilities	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Earn-out purchase USIDEV, 40% of 2013-2014-2015 revenue, maximum CHF 1'750'000	-	1 750 000
Guarantee for a line of credit	33 000 000	-
	33 000 000	1 750 000
b. Pledged assets	31.12.2016	31.12.2015
Building	24 105 180	12 021 382
Machine under lease	14 133 846	4 668 721
Vehicle under lease	1 450 096	643 312
Equipment under lease	270 538	-
IT under lease	3 952	-
Cash and cash equivalents	95 256	778 990
	40 058 868	18 112 405

c. Leasing

All financial leases were activated. There are no operating leases as per 31.12.2016 and as per 31.12.2015.

32. Subsequent events after the year-end closing

In March 2017, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of H2i Sàrl which is a start-up company based in Lucens (Switzerland). H2i has developed several worldwide patents on methods of precision measurement of mechanical watches.

In April 2017, the Group acquired 100% of the voting shares of Gasser-Ravussin SA which is a family owned business based in Lucens (Switzerland). The company is a supplier to the Group and specializes in manufacturing jewels for watch and other industries. It is fully independent, vertically-integrated and partially develops its own production tools, resulting in a unique and specialized customer offering. This company was fully paid by cash.